SBI Global Factors Ltd. Liquidity Risk Management Framework for NBFCs

Public Disclosure on liquidity risk

(These details are pertaining to quarter ended September, 2021.)

(i) Funding concentration based on significant counterparty (Both deposits and borrowings)

as on 30th Septenber 2021

and the control of th					
Sr. No.	Number of Significant Counterparties *	Amount (Rupees in	% of Total	% of Total	
		crores)	deposits	Liabilities	
Total	8	585	NA	88	

as on 31st March 2021

Sr. No.	Number of Significant Counterparties *	Amount (Rupees in crores)	% of Total deposits	% of Total Liabilities
Total	10	917	NA	95

^{*} Significant counterparties are those counterparties whose outstandings is Rs. 10 crore and above.

(ii) Top 20 large deposits (amount in Rupees crore and % of total deposits)

- Since the Company has been categorized as an NBFC NDSI, this is not applicable.

(iii) Top 10 borrowings (amount in Rupees crore and % of total borrowings)

as on 30th September 2021

Sr. No.	Particulars of Lenders	Amount (Rupees in crores)	% of Total Borrowings
	Total	595	96

as on 31st March 2021

Sr. No.	Particulars of Lenders	Amount (Rupees in crores)	% of Total Borrowings
	Total	917	97%

(iv) Funding concentration based on significant instrument/product

as on 30th September 2021

Sr. No	Number of Instrument/product	Amount (Rupees in crores)	% of Total Liabilities
	Total	615	92

as on 31st March 2021

Sr. No	Number of Instrument/product	Amount (Rupees in crores)	% of Total Liabilities
	Total	947	98



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(V) Stock Ratios:

As per Ind AS				
Sr. No.	Ratios	Mar'21	Sept'21	
	Commercial paper as a % of Total Public Funds	NA	NA	
a)	Commercial paper as a % of Total Liabilities	49	25	
	Commercial paper as a % of Total Assets	36	16	
b)	Non-convertible debentures(Original Maturity of less than 1 year) as a % of Total Public Fund, Total Liabilities and Total Assets	NA	NA	
c)	Other Short-term liabilities as a % of Total Public Funds	NA	NA	
	Other Short-term liabilities as a % of Total Liabilities	50	59	
	Other Short-term liabilities as a % of Total Assets	37	38	

(VI) Institutional set-up of liquidity risk management

I. Introduction

Liquidity Risk is the Probability of loss arising from a situation where

- (1) The cash and / or cash equivalent is not adequate to meet the obligations to the lenders and other counter parties.
- (2) Sale of liquid assets will yield less than their fair value, or
- (3) Liquid assets cannot be sold at the desired time due to lack of buyers.

II. Identification

Events that may lead to disturbance in cash flow position in our Company:

- a) Delays in repayment of loans by the debtors / clients.
- b) Inability to raise money from the overnight market.

III. Treatment / Handling of Liquidity Risk

Majority of the Company's assets are of short-term nature (Average 90 days) and are funded through combination of Commercial Papers (CPs), Owned funds and banks' lines of credit. As the Banks' lines of credit are normally for a period of one year (renewable after one year) but are costly as compared to other sources of funds, the assets are funded mainly through CPs.

In case of a tight liquidity position, wherein Company is unable to raise money through CPs at reasonable rates, the Company may fund its assets through Banks' lines of credit.

Further, to mitigate the liquidity risk, Company has a policy that the total of:

a) Undrawn, committed rupee facilities;

SBIGFL has backup lines of Credit from Banks to meet 100% of the other short term/volatile resources and mitigate liquidity risks at any point of time.

b) Investments in liquid instruments, should always exceed aggregate of short term dated loans with no surety of rollover, and CP's falling due within the next one week and

c) A Contingency Funding Plan (CFP) has also been approved by ECB & the Board for inclusion in the Asset Liability Management Policy, which is being reviewed annually.